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Name :

풀이 과정을 자세히 기술해야 합니다.

1. (10pts)

(a) Use Green's Theorem to evaluate $\int_C \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r}$ if

$\mathbf{F}(x, y) = \langle y - \cos y, x \sin y + y \rangle$, where C is the circle $(x-3)^2 + (y+4)^2 = 4$ oriented counterclockwise.

(b) Find the area of the pentagon with vertices $(0,0)$, $(2,1)$, $(1,3)$, $(0,2)$, and $(-1,2)$.

2. (10pts) Let C be the curve given by

$$C: \mathbf{r}(t) = t^3 \mathbf{i} - t^2 \mathbf{j} + t \mathbf{k}, 0 \leq t \leq 1$$

(a) Evaluate $\int_C \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r}$, where

$$\mathbf{F}(x, y, z) = (x + y^2) \mathbf{i} + xy \mathbf{j} + (y + z) \mathbf{k}$$

(b) Evaluate $\int_C \sin y dx + (x \cos y + \cos z) dy - y \sin z dz$.

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3. (10pts) Let $g(x, y, z) = \int_0^{x+y-2z} f(u) du$ with

$$\int_0^1 f(u) du = 5 \quad \text{and} \quad \int_0^1 u f(u) du = 3$$

(a) Evaluate

$$\int_C f(x+y-2z) dx + f(x+y-2z) dy - 2f(x+y-2z) dz,$$

where C is any smooth curve from $(1, 3, 2)$ to $(2, 5, 3)$.

(b) Evaluate $\int_C g(x, y, z) ds$, where C is the line segment from $(1, 3, 2)$ to $(2, 5, 3)$.

4. (10pts) Let $\mathbf{F} = \frac{x-y}{x^2+y^2} \mathbf{i} + \frac{x+y}{x^2+y^2} \mathbf{j}$ and C be the

curve given by $\mathbf{r}(t) = t \mathbf{i} + (2t^2 - 6) \mathbf{j}$, $-2 \leq t \leq 2$.

Find the line integral $\int_C \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r}$.

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5. (10pts) Let S be the surface given by

$$S : x^2 + y^2 - z^2 = 1$$

(1) Find a parametric representation for the surface S and the inward (toward z -axis) unit normal vector $\mathbf{n}$ of S .

(2) Find the area of the part of the surface S that lies between the plane $z=0$ and the plane $z=1$.

6. (10pts) Find $\iint_S \operatorname{curl} \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{S}$ if

$$\mathbf{F} = \langle 3ze^{x^2-y^2}, 2ze^{x^2-y^2}, 2x-4y+e^{z^2} \rangle$$

and S is the part of the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 4$ that lies in the half-space $y \geq x$ with outward orientation of the sphere.

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7. (10pts) Find the flux of

$$\mathbf{F}(x, y, z) = \left\langle -z^2 e^{(xy)^2} + \tan^{-1}(xz), z^2 e^{(xy)^2} - \frac{yz}{1+x^2 z^2}, -z+1 \right\rangle$$

across the paraboloid $z = 4 - x^2 - y^2$, $z \geq 0$ with
downward orientation.

8. (10pts)

(a) 연립방정식 $\begin{cases} x + y + z = u \\ x - y + z = v \\ x + y + 2z = w \end{cases}$ 에 대하여

크레머 룰(Cramer's rule)을 이용하여, y 를 구하시오.

(b) 아래 식을 만족하는 (x, y, z) 의 집합 E 에 대하여

$$(x+y+z)^2 + (x-y+z)^2 + (x+y+2z)^2 \leq 1, \quad x+y+2z \geq 0$$

위의 (a)를 이용하여, 다음 적분을 구하시오.

$$\iiint_E y^2 ((x+y+z)^2 + (x-y+z)^2 + (x+y+2z)^2) dV$$

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9. (10pts) 다음 행렬 A, B 에 대하여 $\det((2A)^{-1}B^T)$ 를 구하시오.

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 3 & -2 & 6 \\ 2 & 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 4 & 2 & 1 & 5 \\ 7 & 3 & 5 & 3 \end{pmatrix}, \quad B = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -2 & 3 & 1 \\ 5 & -9 & 6 & 3 \\ -1 & 2 & -6 & -2 \\ 2 & 8 & 6 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

10. (10pts) Let $\mathbf{F}(x, y, z) = \frac{(z-y)\mathbf{i} + (x-z)\mathbf{j} + (y-x)\mathbf{k}}{(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{3/2}}$

and S is the outward oriented surface whose sides S_1 are given by cylinder $x^2 + y^2 = 1$ with $0 \leq z \leq 3$, whose top S_2 is the part of the plane $z=3$ inside the cylinder. (S is a cylinder without bottom.)

(a) Use divergence theorem to evaluate $\iint_S \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{S}$.

(b) Find a vector field $\mathbf{G}$ such that $\mathbf{F} = \nabla \times \mathbf{G}$.
(you don't need to explain how to find it.)

(c) Use (b) and Stokes' theorem to evaluate $\iint_S \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{S}$ again, as the line integral.